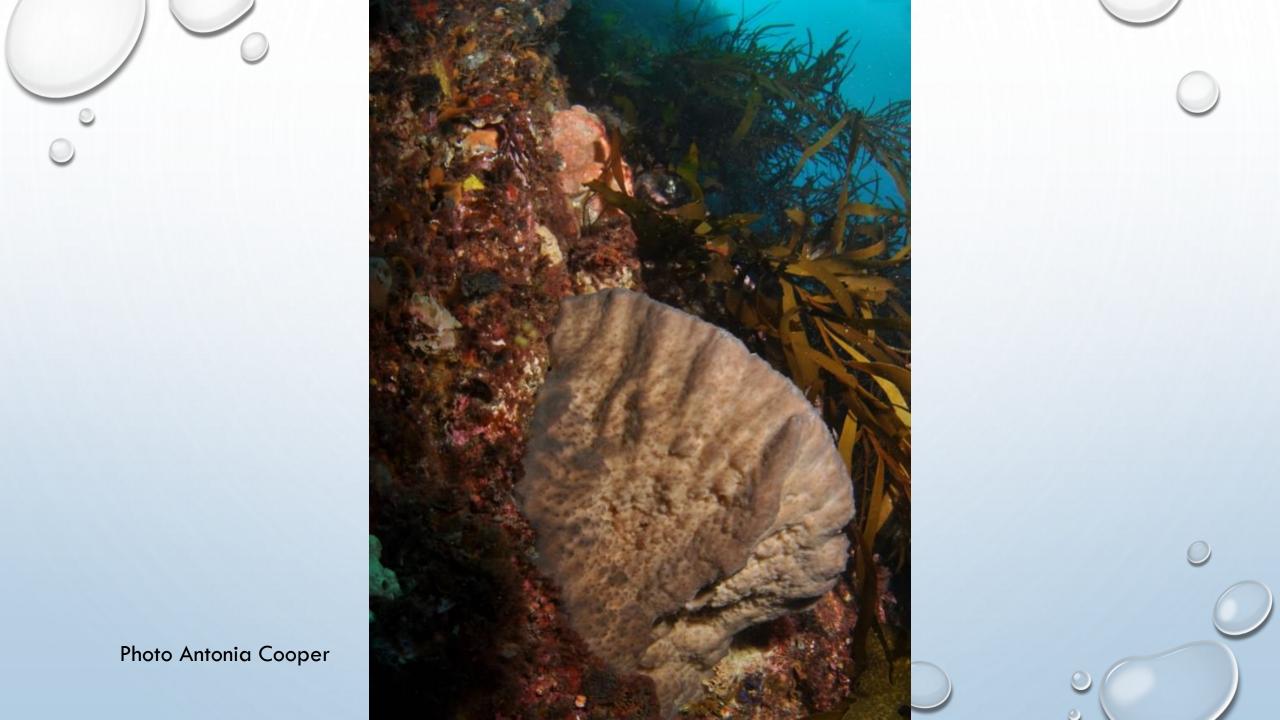
# CHANGING THE WAY WE LOOK AT ENVIRONMENTS – BIGGER BETTER AND FASTER DATA

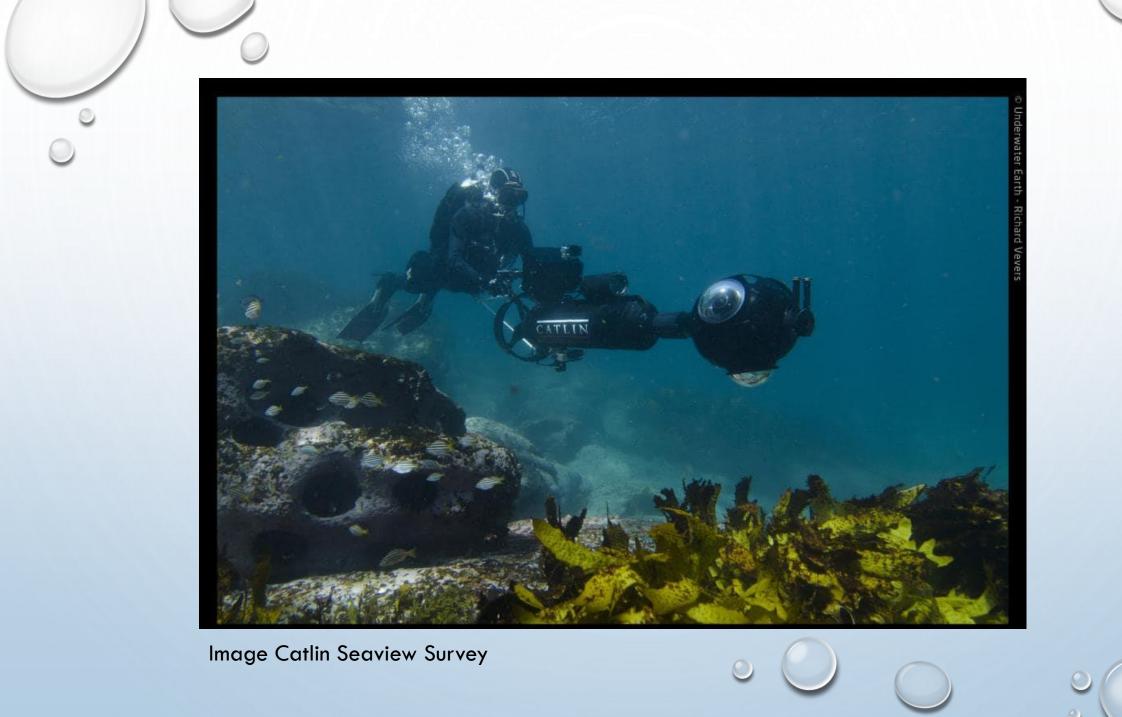
PROFESSOR EMMA L JOHNSTON

@DREMMALJOHNSTON

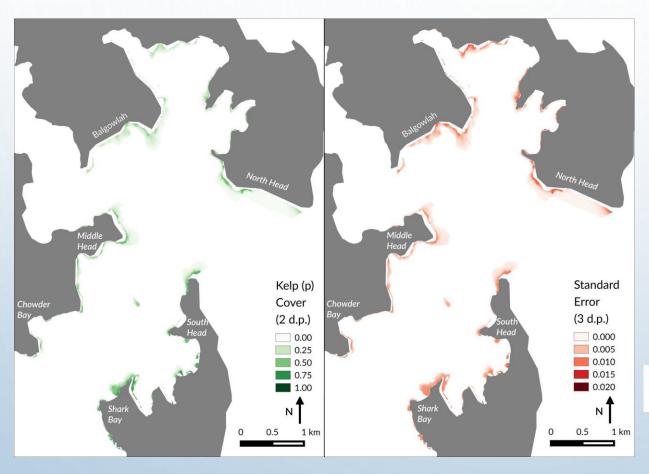
**UNSW SYDNEY** 







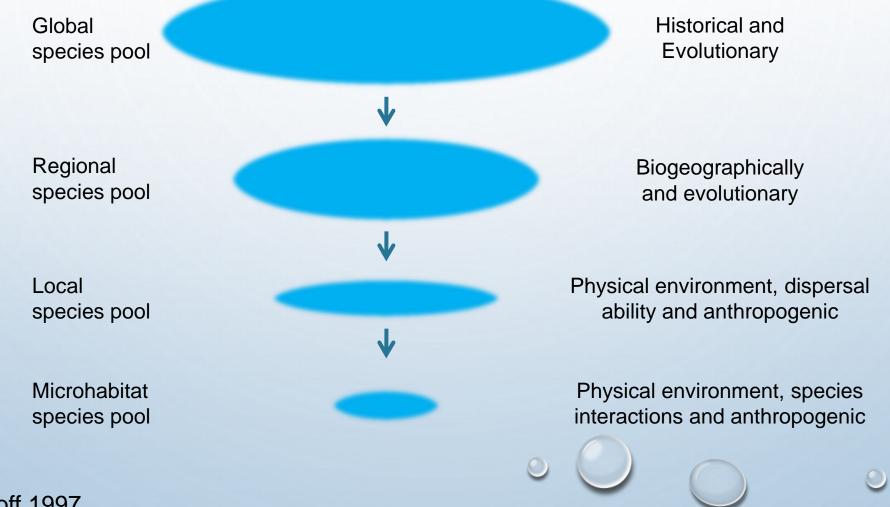
### An evaluation of semi-automated methods for collecting ecosystem-level data in temperate marine systems



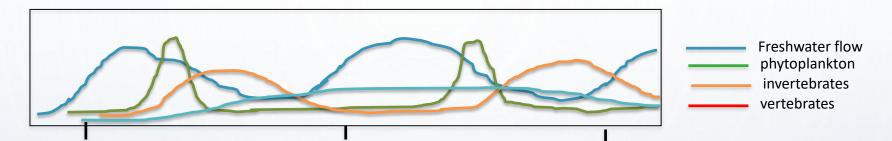
Griffin et al. 2017

**Ecology and Evolution** 

## Historical, biogeographical and environmental factors determine membership of species in a community

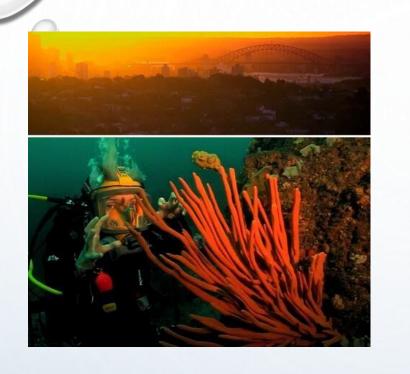


### Weaving time in a tapestry



Long period climatic cycles – impacts on abiotic drivers







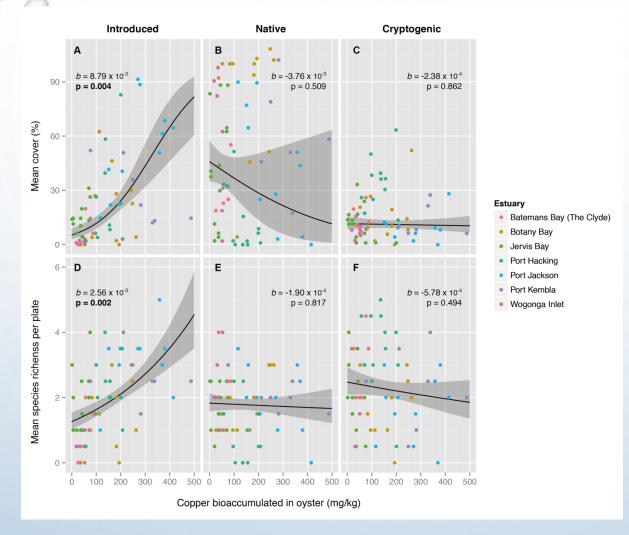
Physical, biological and chemical stressors







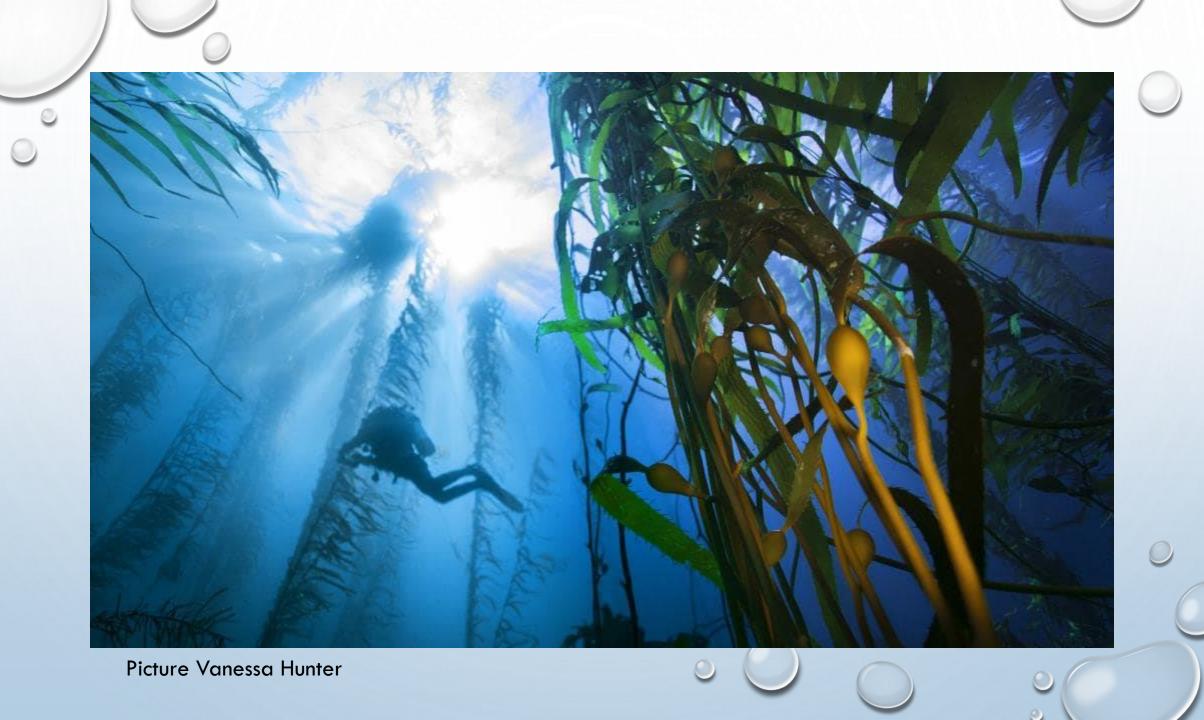






Clark, Leung, Dafforn & Johnston (in prep)

Piola and Johnston, (2008) Diversity and Distributions
Dafforn, Glasby & Johnston (2009) Diversity and Distributions





Zenith Beach, Nelson Bay, New South Wales. Photo: Beck Dunn

### Researchers and Sponsors

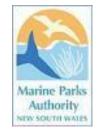










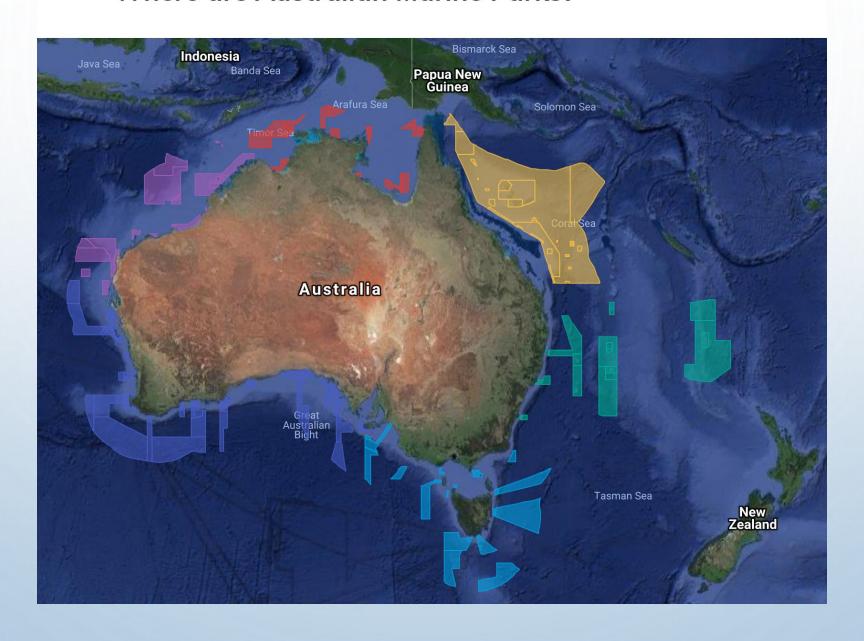




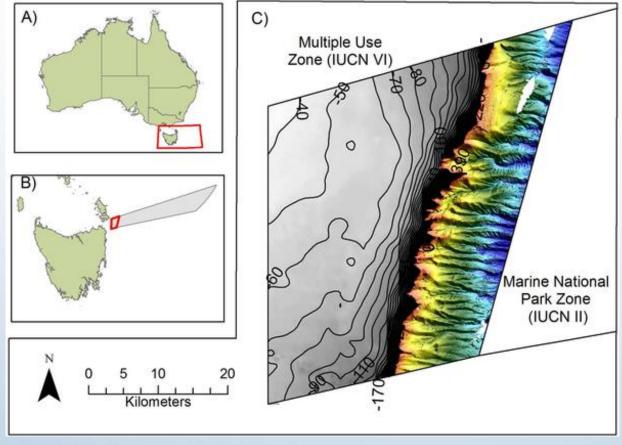




### Where are Australian Marine Parks?



### SONAR AND VIDEO COMBINED



Research vessel

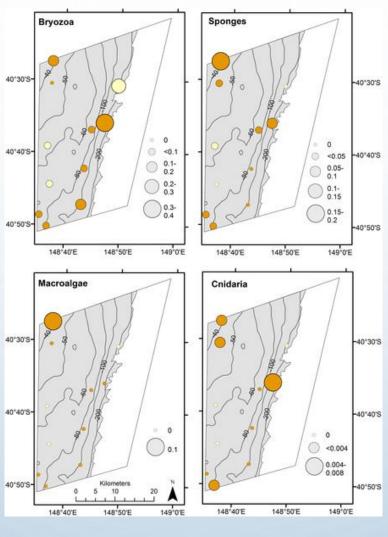
Resear

Lawrence E, Hayes KR, Lucieer VL, Nichol SL, Dambacher JM, et al. (2015) PLOS ONE 10(10): e0141051.

FIG 1. LOCATION OF THE FLINDERS COMMONWEALTH MARINE RESERVE (CMR).



#### DISTRIBUTION OF PERCENTAGE COVER OF SESSILE BIOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

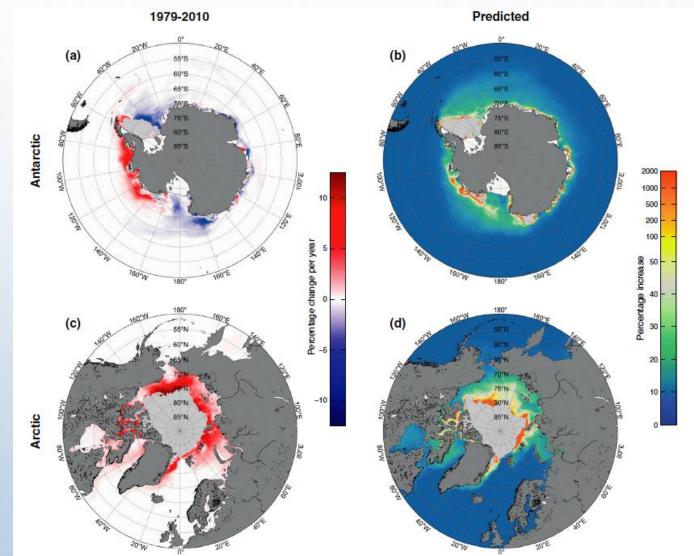


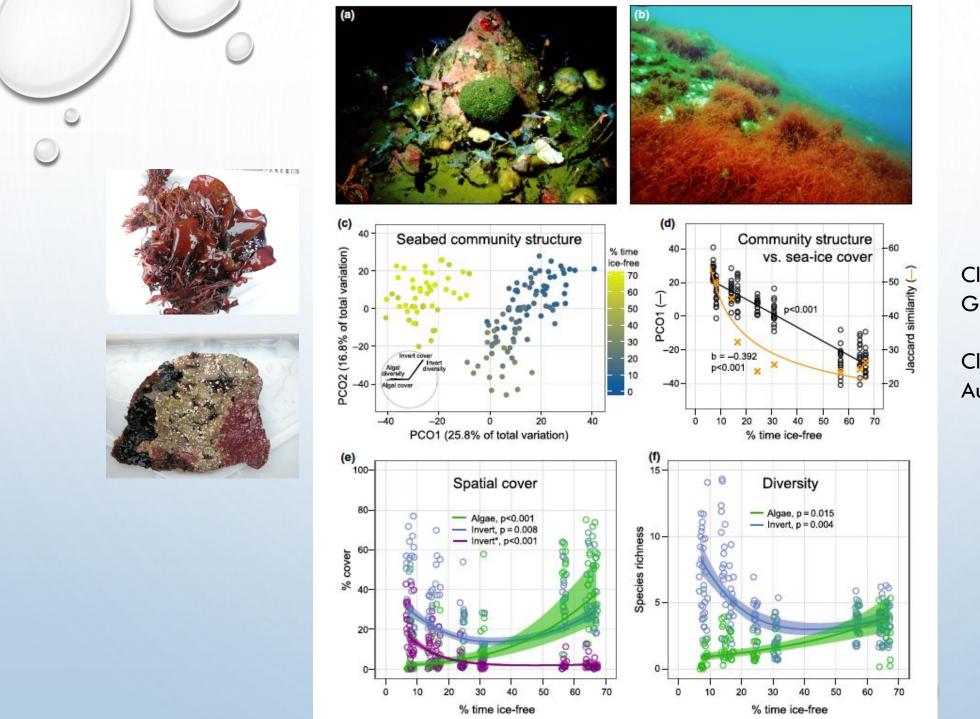
Lawrence E, Hayes KR, Lucieer VL, Nichol SL, Dambacher JM, et al. (2015) PLOS ONE 10(10): e0141051.

### LIGHT DRIVEN TIPPING POINTS IN POLAR SYSTEMS



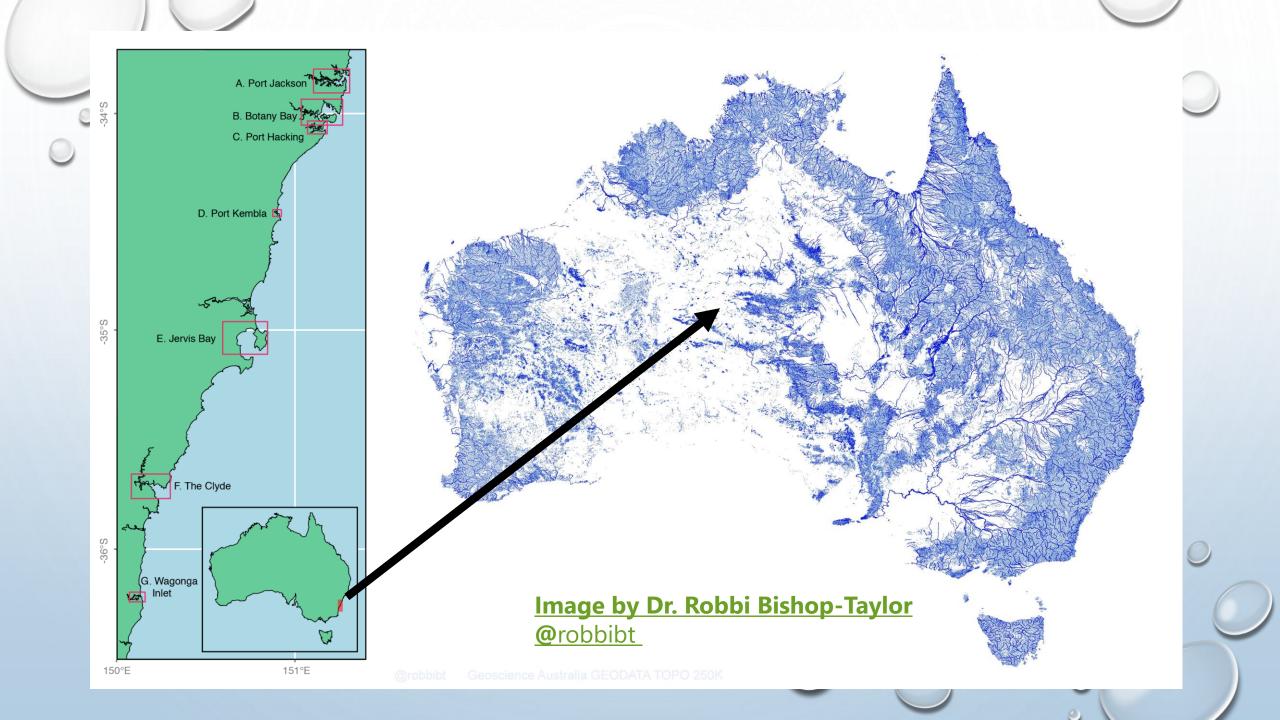
Clark et al. (2013) Global Change Biology





Clark et al. (2013) Global Change Biology

Clark et al (2015) Austral Ecology 40(4)





### Looking back through time-

- Water quality changes in estuaries from 1987 to 2015

Using GA Data Cube for large-scale analysis of water quality change

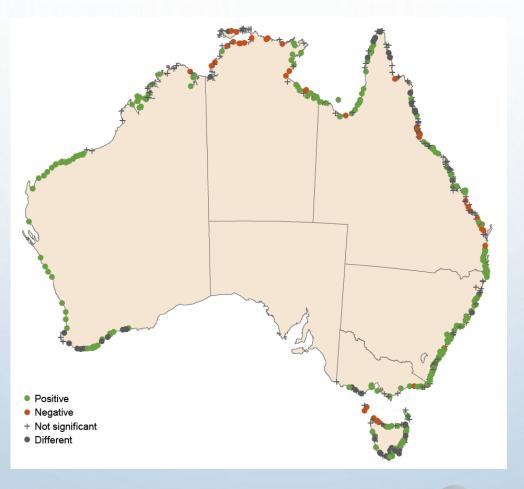




Bugnot et. al. (2018) Journal of Environmental Management

A novel framework for the use of remote sensing for monitoring catchments at continental scales

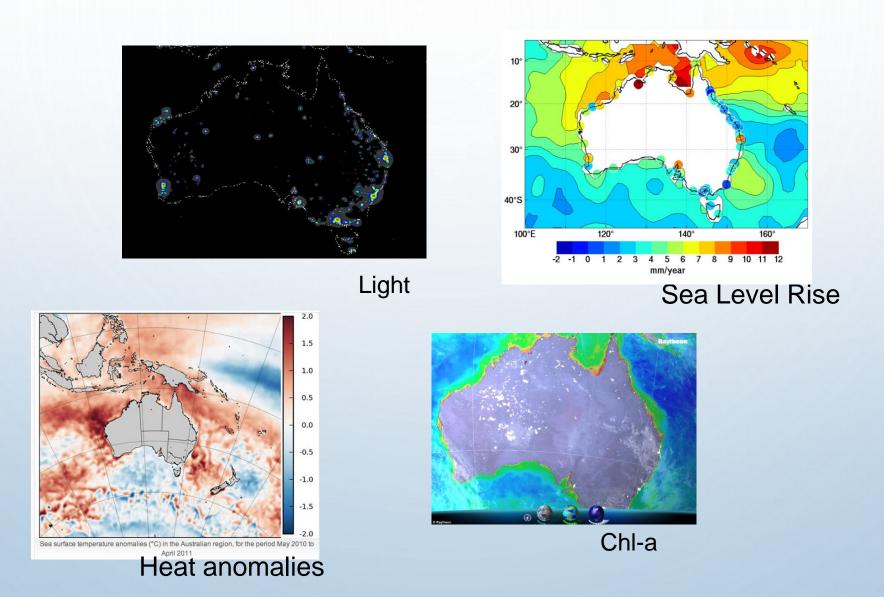
>500 Estuaries and their trends in water colour change, 1987–2015



Bugnot et. al. 2018

Journal of Environmental Management

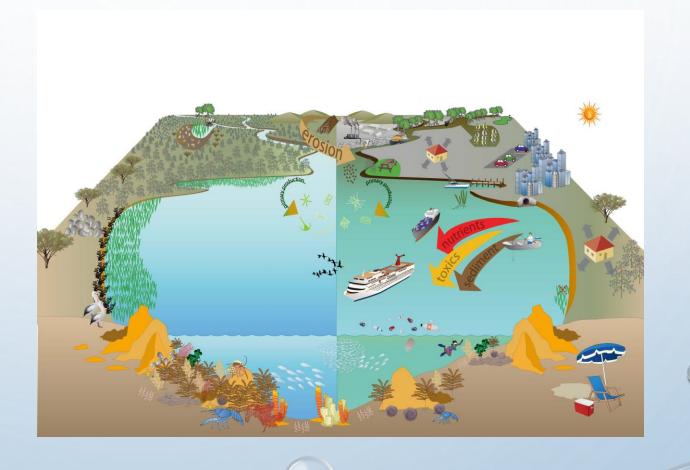
# THE PRESSURES & STATE: WHAT DO WE MEASURE?

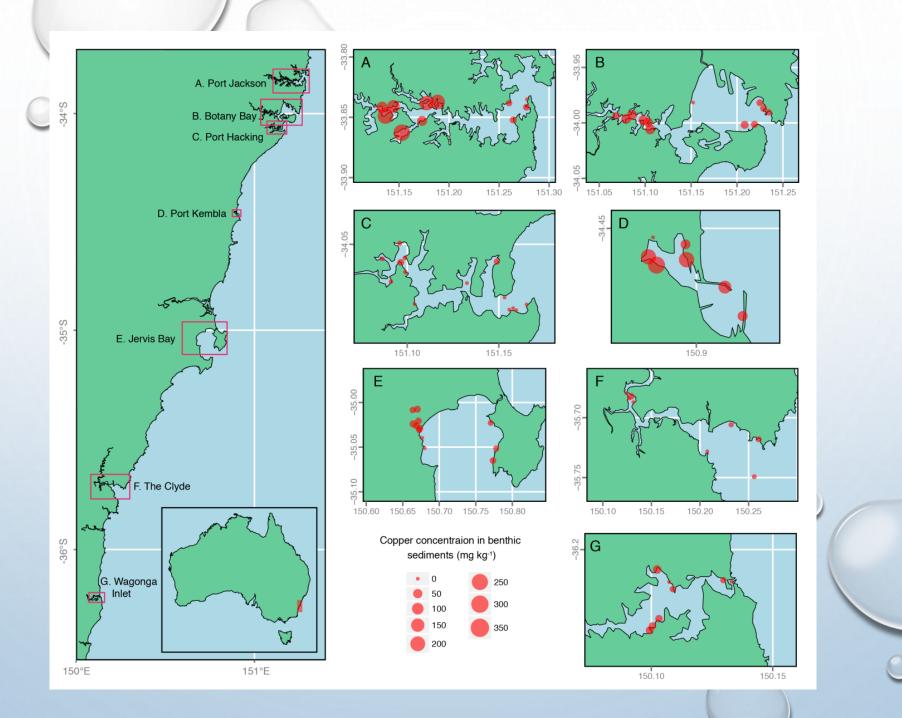




### **ECOLOGY ON STEROIDS**

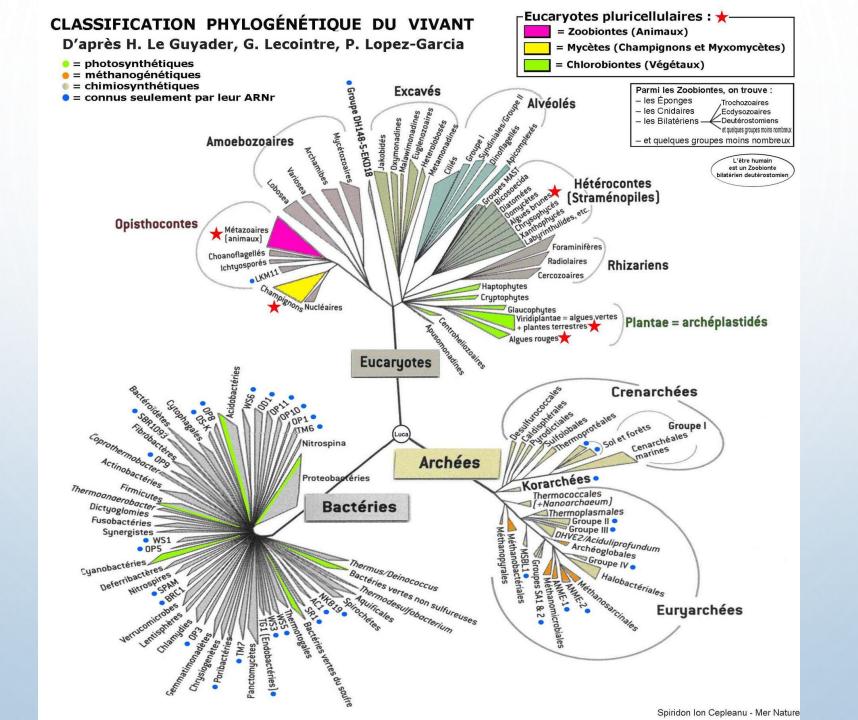
- NEW TOOLS FOR BIODIVERSITY
   MONITORING AND FUNCTIONAL
   RATE MONITORING
- MOLECULAR & REMOTE SENSING
   TOOLS ARE OUT THERE AND
   READY TO USE

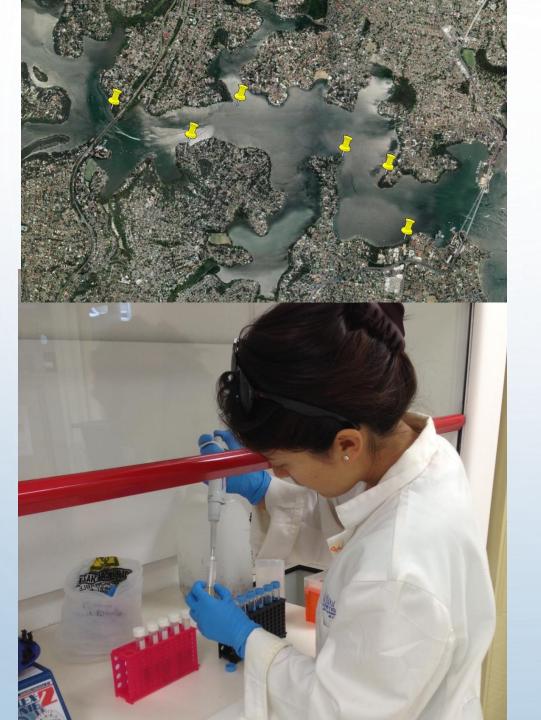












### **Ecological proxies**

Microbes, infauna, sessile invertebrates, zooplankton larval fish, adult fish, biomarkers

#### **CONTAMINANTS**

SEDIMENT METALS (INCL. TRAPS)
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC
HYDROCARBONS (PAHS)

#### **Nutrient proxies**

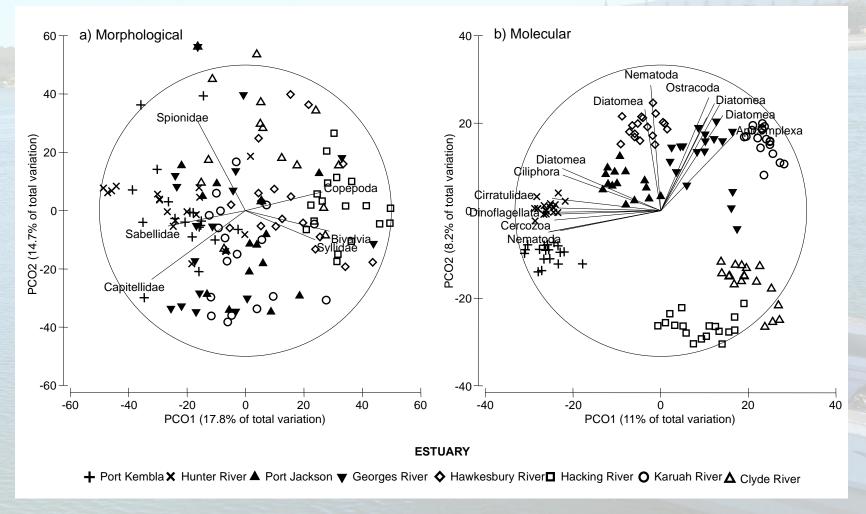
Sediment Chlorophyll a Sediment TOC

#### **Environmental parameters**

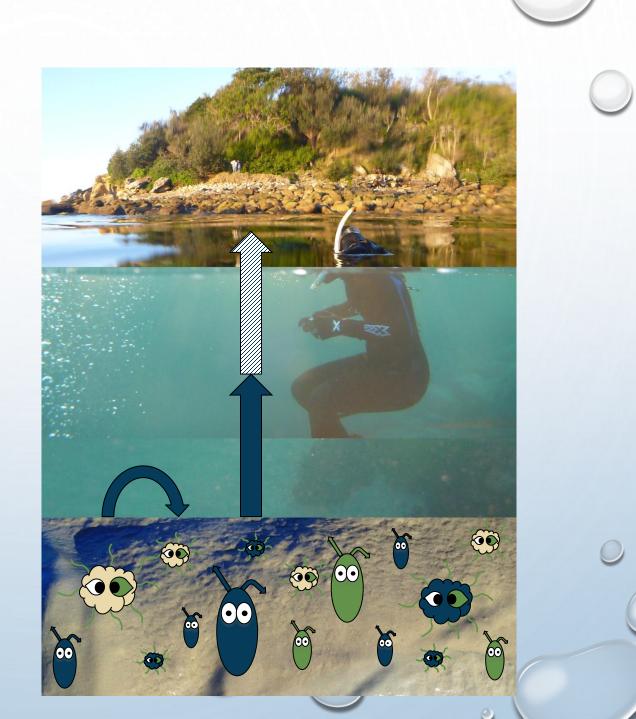
Salinity
Temperature
Dissolved oxygen
pH
Sediment %silt
DIC
Latitude



### HIGHEST RESOLUTION AND FULL DATASET



Soft sediment communities perform major biogeochemical processes



### Sampling – microbial community



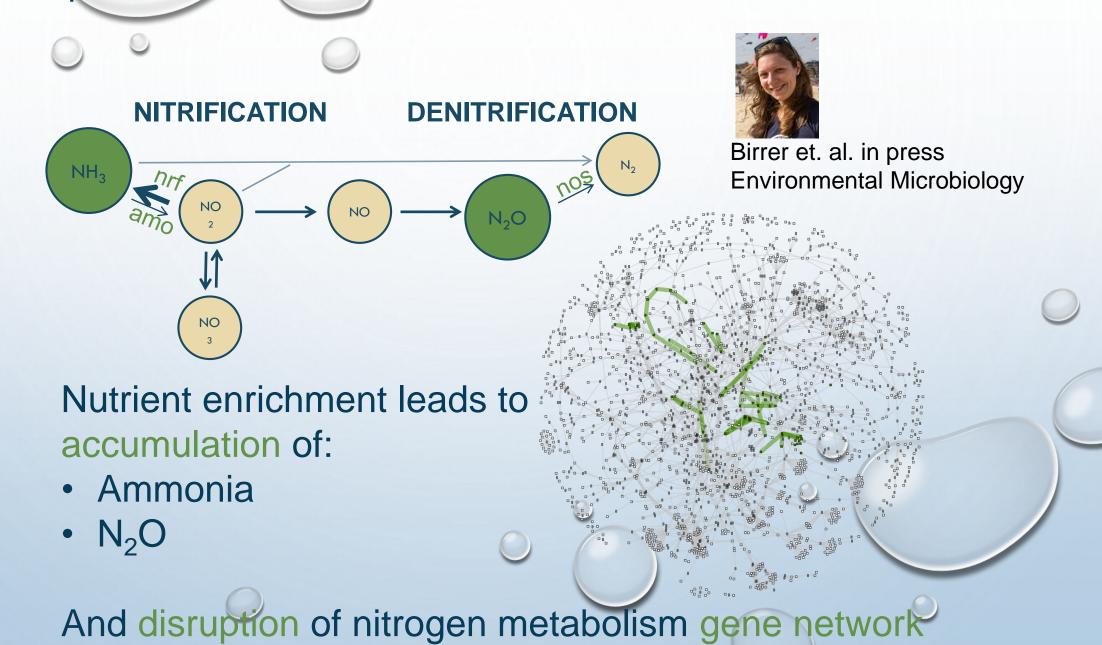


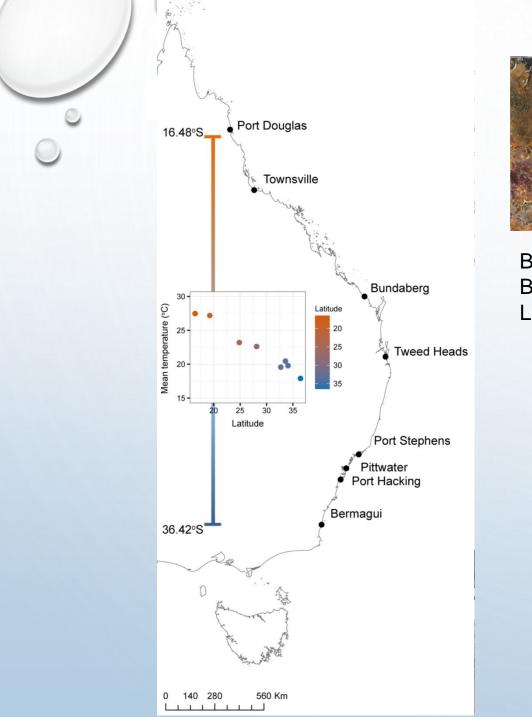
total RNA

Metatranscriptomics

**Metabolic functions** 

### Impact of nutrient enrichment in sediment microbial function









Bracewell *et al.* 2017. *Ecology Letters*Bracewell *et al.* 2018. *Ecology*Lavender *et al* 2017 *Ecology* 

A lot of our 'rules' of community assembly will need to be calibrated – and then constantly recalibrated as we speed up ecological processes





Only by understanding spatial and temporal ecology will we be able to estimate ecological boundaries and advise on how best to prevent further biodiversity loss

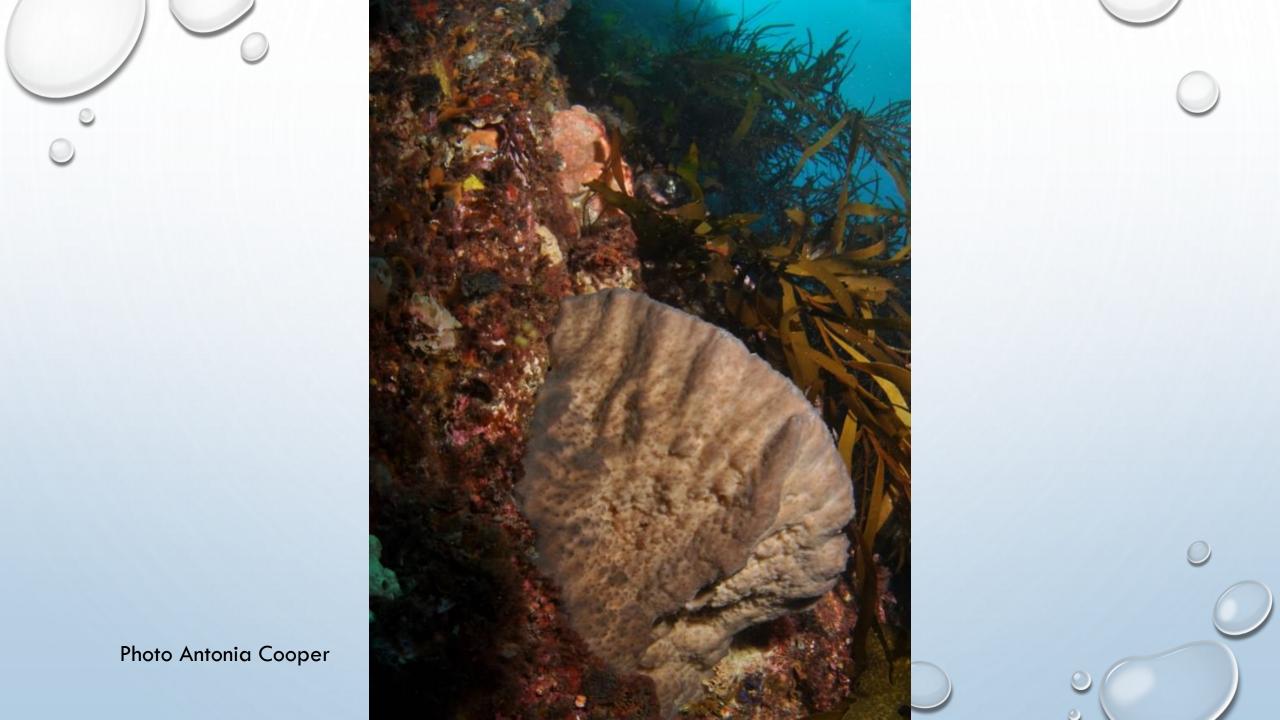




Image - Peter Southwood